

The Explosion of a Humbug.

The Red River Rebellion has at length "pegged out," we might say, has *Winneppegged* out, and suggests a new phrase to express the fix of humbugs in general. That is what this was at the start, and all the way through. Those half-breeds never sought independence, and, much less, annexation. They were dissatisfied, from fear that they might lose their title to the land upon which they had squatted; and a few men among them, Jo. Rolette, and Strutsman, of Pembina, incited the commission of a riot, and the occupancy of Fort Garry, important only because it contained a supply of Hudson Bay Company's stores. All else that has been done has been the merest farce, except McDougall's retreat, which was forced, not by the Red River tribes, but because Jo Rolette and Strutsman had caused them to be refused articles of food at Pembina, by frightening the tradersmen at that place with stories of United States' interference, and that to furnish supplies to McDougall would be treason. The convention, proclamation, etc., have been saucy nonsense and rigmarole, over which their authors laughed in their composition. The column after column published in the *Press* has, half of it been pure invention, and the balance a grotesque exaggeration. The entire affair never amounted, in extent nor importance, to a tenth part of what the New York anti-riot riots did. There has never been a time when the outbreak would require the exertion of two companies of troops in its suppression. These would have reached there early in the summer had not the disturbance been peaceably ended, as it has. These people express unbounded surprise at the notice their little friendly demonstration has attracted. They hear with astonishment that the *St. Paul Press* has published, and when they receive notice that Senator Ramsey proposes a *plebiscitum*, they will hasten to their Sioux dictionary to find out what thundering operation is to be provided, and whether they can go through without stripping off their breechclouts.

We shall accept with complacency our share of the ridicule. We were flooded with spontaneous letters from there, of a similar purport of those published in the *Press*. We gave place to two or three and then became satisfied of their spurious character. The other newspapers who were humbugged in the same way, adhered to the sensation sell, and the *Press* is still trying to make out that it was a great affair. It never was even a great fizzle, and is not now, outside of the *Press* letters and Pamphlet's speech, which is the most ridiculous part of the whole.—*St. Paul Pioneer*.

The Religious Amendment.

"On next Thursday, the 3d of March," says the *Pittsburg Despatch* "we believe, the convention to amend the constitution so as to recognize God and Christianity in the instrument will meet in this city. We are not, as we have said before, in favor of this 'reform.' We are opposed to it for three reasons—first, because it would serve the cause neither of God nor Christianity, to have such an amendment adopted; second, because such an amendment if adopted, would only be the cause of a harmful contest among the sects, and third, because such an amendment is unnecessary, God and Christianity being already acknowledged in the Constitution. In the first place, interpolating religious phraseology into legal documents never has saved and never can save a single soul, but serves only to make the phraseology contemned by reason familiarity. The attempt to legislate the United States into Christianity is the very summit of absurdity. In the second place it is manifestly impossible to propose just that recognition of Almighty God and Christianity upon which even Christian sects can agree, to say nothing of Jews and Rationalists who are supposed to have equal rights in this country with everybody else. Some will want it more general, some will want it more specific than any convention can agree on. Some will wish it wrested to suit the theology of their sect. Others will strive to pull it their way. The result would certainly be that any such amendment, even if adopted, would either be so general and vague as to be ridiculous, or so specific as to cause more dissatisfaction than if none at all were adopted. In the third place the required recognition of God and Christianity is already in the constitution, and that in such a way that it happily offends nobody. It is found in the last clause where it declares that this constitution was signed "in the year of our Lord" 1787. The "year of our Lord" is not that a recognition of "Almighty God and Christianity" as complete as desirable?"

An Unnatural Stepfather.

We publish the following, from the local of the *San Bernardino Guardian*, to show what the people there think of Arizona as a country. The action of the citizens of San Bernardino in the matter is, however, deserving of the highest praise, as Arizona, though a good country for men of enterprise, would prove a melancholy refuge for a boy of 8 or 9 years:

"A few days ago, a boy about 8 or 9 years of age came to this town, on his way to Arizona, in charge of a teamster. Upon being interrogated as to his object in going so far from home for one so young he stated in substance: that his name was Frederick Wilhelm Walter; that he resided at Los Angeles, under the care of J. Murat, a well known brewer of that city, who is his stepfather; that his father had been dead some years, leaving considerable property in the care of guardians, all of whom are dead but one, Mr. Frank Ebner, 4th street Sacramento, that his stepfather had treated him with extreme cruelty, and finally furnished the teamster with provisions enough to take him to Arizona. The boy's statement arose the indignation of some of our citizens, and the Probate Judge has caused the boy to be detained until the *Guardian* at Sacramento can be written to. To send a boy of such tender years into such a country as Arizona, exhibits a depravity of heart unparalleled, and we hope, for humanity's sake, there are extenuating circumstances in the case. At all events our citizens are thoroughly convinced of the truth of the boy's statement.

E. N. Fish, Tucson, S. Silverberg, San Francisco
E. N. FISH & CO.,

West side, Main Street, Tucson, A. T.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise.

We keep constantly on hand the largest and most general stock of goods in the Territory south of the Gila.

Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Liquors in Bbls and cases, Cigars and Tobacco, &c., &c., which we are offering at exceedingly low prices.
Jan. 1, '99.

ADAMSVILLE SALOON

CHARLES ADAMS.

Main Street, Adamsville.

This Pioneer Establishment keeps first class liquors and cigars.

CASH STORE!

GOLDBERG & CO.

North-east corner Main and Vine Sts.
TUCSON, A. T.

Have just received a new stock of Summer and Fall Goods embracing a general and complete assortment of DRY GOODS,

—consisting of—
HATS and CAPS of every description and adapted to every season,

CLOAKS

SHAWLS

BOOTS

SHOES

LADIES' FANCY AND DRESS GOODS

PRINTS

MUSLINS

DELAINES, ETC., ETC.

—also—
A large stock of **Old Rye Whisky** and the best California **Wine and Brandy.**

—likewise—
A large stock of Groceries—BUTTER, HONEY, CHEESE and DRIED FRUIT which we offer for sale, wholesale and retail. We adhere to a cash system and sell our goods remarkably low for cash.

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TAKE NOTICE!

NEW GOODS!

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK

WE would respectfully announce to the people of Tucson and vicinity, that we have on hand a large and well assorted **STOCK OF MERCHANDISE** GROCERIES, etc., also, best **EL PASO WINE** and **VINEGAR**, which we offer for sale at the lowest figures.

H. LESINSKY, & CO.,
East side Main Street Tucson, A. T.

WILLIAM ZECKENDORF
Tucson, T.

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WHOLESALE

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IN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,
LIQUORS,
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HATS & CAPS
CARPETS
MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
VINO del PAIS
del RIO ABAJA
PINONES &c &c

NEW MEXICAN CARPETS and BLANKETS

We have on hand and are constantly receiving a full assortment of every class of goods suitable for this market, which we offer on the most reasonable terms. One of our firm resides in New York City for the sole purpose of buying goods, and being in market constantly. Our merchandise is purchased on the most advantageous terms. Those who deal with us can rely upon our stock being of the best quality and at the lowest prices. We would call the attention of merchants from this Territory as also from Sonora, to our well assorted stock especially suited to their market, and can confidently say it will be to their advantage to examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

HIGHEST

MARKET PRICES

PAID FOR

ARIZONA

AND

SONORA

PRODUCE.

Produce of Arizona and Sonora, taken on commission and sold to the best advantage those who favor us with their confidence.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF
Tucson, A. T. April 1, 1869

PROPOSALS FOR FRESH

SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be in quintuplicate, will be received until Tuesday the 19th day of April at 12 o'clock noon, for supplying the Submarine Department at this place with **FRESH BEEF** on the block, for one year commencing July 1st, 1870. The beef to be delivered at such times and in quantities as may be required by the commissary of Subsistence.

Bidders are requested to state the pound, both in coin and currency, which they will supply the beef required.

Each bid, unless the responsibility of order is otherwise satisfactorily made known, must be accompanied by a guarantee of responsible persons that the bidder is to carry out the contract if awarded to him, that they will become his sureties.

The bids will be opened on the day hereinafter named, and bidders have the right of being present at the opening.

The right is reserved to reject any proposal that may be offered.

Proposals to be endorsed, "Proposals for Beef," and addressed to the undersigned place.

By order of Bvt. Brig. Gen. M. P. Chief C. S., Department of

J. G. C. Brevet Lt. Col. and A.

March 1870.

NOTICE!

The United States vs. Policarpio Moreno
In the United States Court of the District of Arizona—County of

To Policarpio Moreno, defendant named.

You are hereby summoned and appear and answer the complaint in this filed with the clerk of this court, at the county of Pima, and Territory of Arizona, of which is herewith served upon you the time hereinafter designated, after on you of this summons, exclusive of such service, to wit: if the defendant within the county in which this action is brought, twenty days; if the defendant is out of the county, but in the District in which is brought, thirty days; in all other cases, thirty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a judgment, that certain property hereinafter to you, seized for violation of the laws of the United States, and more as described in said complaint, be returned to the United States.

And you are hereby notified, that if you appear and answer the said complaint required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Given under my hand and seal of the United States Court of the District of Arizona, this 11th day of February, 1870.

OSCAR BUCKLE, Clerk Dist. Court.

SOUTHERN OVERLAND U. S. MAIL.

and Express Line From Mesquite N. M. to Tucson, A. T.

THE undersigned will run a weekly horse buggy between the above points, leaving at Mesquite, with stages for Santa Fe, East El Paso, and San Antonio, Texas, Tucson, with the Los Angeles and Semi-Weekly Stage Line, and the Weekly for Hermosillo and Guaymas, Sonora, connected stage line for any point in the States on the Pacific or Atlantic slopes, continent, and points in northern and Mexico.

Particular attention paid to Express and comfort to Passengers.

The company are responsible for all matters sent by their line except against and high water.

Buggies leave Tucson and Mesquite every day at 4 o'clock, p. m.

Tucson, A. T.

DAVIS & BARELLA, La Mesquite, N. M.

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PUBLIC NOTICE

ALL persons are warned against trespassing on the property of the MOWRY SILVER MINING WORK which is resumed on an extensive scale, as proper arrangements can be made, and the condition of the country will justify it. The property has been placed in the hands of the Military authorities of the United States, by order of the Grant, U. S. A. Commander-in-chief at the request of the undersigned. All just and legitimate claims against the Company will be settled upon completion of work. The undersigned relies upon his position in Arizona to see that the spirit of this notice is carried out.

SYLVESTER MOWRY, President
Mowry Silver Mining Co.
New York, Oct. 1, '67.